

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

#### **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) Process for the radioactive decontamination of a surface, which involves bringing the surface to be decontaminated into contact with a foam prepared with an aqueous solution which comprises, per litre of solution:
  - 0.2 to 2% by weight of a foaming organic surface-active agent or of a mixture of foaming surface-active agents,
  - from 0.1 to 1.5% by weight of a gelling agent, wherein the gelling agent is an organic thickening agent exhibiting a rheological behaviour of pseudoplastic type, and, optionally,
  - 0.2 to 7 mol of an inorganic acid or oxalic acid or inorganic base for radioactive decontamination or of a mixture of inorganic acids or inorganic acid(s) and oxalic acid or of inorganic bases for radioactive decontamination.
2. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the surface-active agent is a foaming nonionic surfactant.
3. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the surface-active agent is a foaming nonionic surfactant chosen from the family of the alkylpolyglucosides or alkylpolyetherglucosides.
4. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the surface-active agent is an amphoteric surfactant.
5. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the surface-active agent is an amphoteric surfactant chosen from the family of the sulphobetaines, from the family of the alkyl amidopropyl hydroxysulphobetaines or from the family of the amine oxides.

6. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the acid is chosen from the group consisting of hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, phosphoric acid and oxalic acid or is a mixture of acids from this group.

7. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the acid is in an amount of 0.3 to 7 mol.

8. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the acid is in an amount of 1 to 4 mol.

9. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the base is chosen from the group consisting of sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide and sodium carbonate or is a mixture of bases from this group.

10. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the base is in an amount of less than 2 mol.

11. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the base is in an amount of 0.5 to 1.5 mol.

12. (Canceled)

13. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the gelling agent is chosen from the group consisting of a water-soluble polymer, a hydrocolloid and a heteropolysaccharide or from the group consisting of cellulose derivatives.

14. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the gelling agent is chosen from the group consisting of heteropolysaccharides chosen from the family of the polyglucoside polymers comprising trisaccharide branched chains; and cellulose derivatives, such as carboxymethylcellulose or a polysaccharide comprising glucose as sole monomer.

15. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the gelling agent is xanthan gum.

16. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 1, in which the surface to be decontaminated is brought into contact with the foam for 1 to 10 hours.

17. (Previously Presented) Process according to Claim 16, additionally comprising, after the operation of bringing the surface to be decontaminated into contact with the foam, rinsing the surface using a rinsing solution.